

Assignment 11

1. Solve the initial value problem

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2},$$
$$u(x, 0) = e^{-x^2}, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, 0) = \cos x.$$

2. If

$$u(x, t) = F(x - ct) + G(x + ct).$$

then

$$u(x_0, t_0) - u(x_0 + c\xi, t_0 + \xi) - u(x_0 - c\eta, t_0 + \eta) + u(x_0 + c\xi - c\eta, t_0 + \xi + \eta) = 0$$

for any x_0 and t_0 . Geometrically, for any parallelogram $A(x_0, t_0)$, $B(x_0 + c\xi, t_0 + \xi)$, $C(x_0 + c\xi - c\eta, t_0 + \xi + \eta)$, $D(x_0 - c\eta, t_0 + \eta)$ we have

$$u(A) + u(C) = u(B) + u(D). \quad (1)$$

Solve the initial boundary value problem

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2},$$
$$u(0, t) = u(\pi, t) = 0,$$
$$u(x, 0) = 1, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, 0) = 0$$

by (a) using (1), and (b) Fourier method (separation of variables). Discuss whether the solutions agree.