Show using induction that  $6|7^n - 1$  for all  $n = 2, 3, 4, \cdots$ 

Base case:  $7^2 - 1 = 48 = 6 \cdot 8$ , so indeed  $6|7^2 - 1$ .

Induction hypothesis: Assume  $6|7^k - 1$  for some k.

Induction step: From the induction hypothesis, we know that there is some *m* such that  $7^k - 1 = 6m$ . Hence we have:

$$7^{k+1} - 1 = 7 \cdot 7^{k} - 1$$
  
= 7<sup>k</sup> - 1 + 6 \cdot 7^{k}  
= 6m + 6 \cdot 7^{k}  
= 6(m + 7^{k})

Thus  $6|7^{k+1} - 1$ .

Therefore  $6|7^n - 1$  for all n = 2, 3, 4, ...