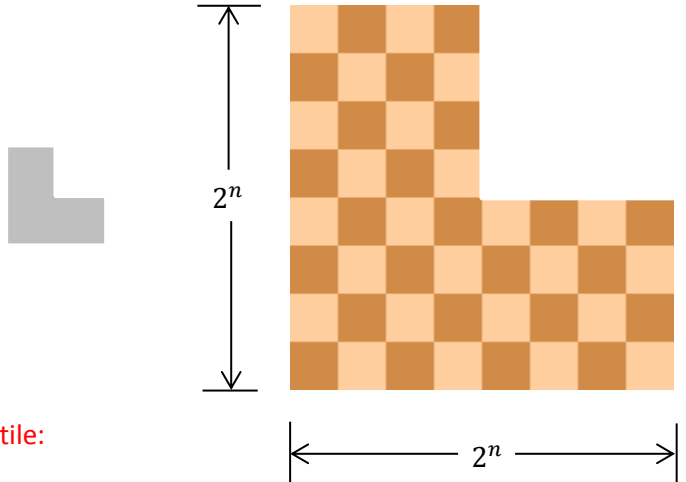


Show using induction that any "L-shaped" board as shown below can be tiled by the tromino shown below. The size of the board can be any  $2^n \times 2^n$  for  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

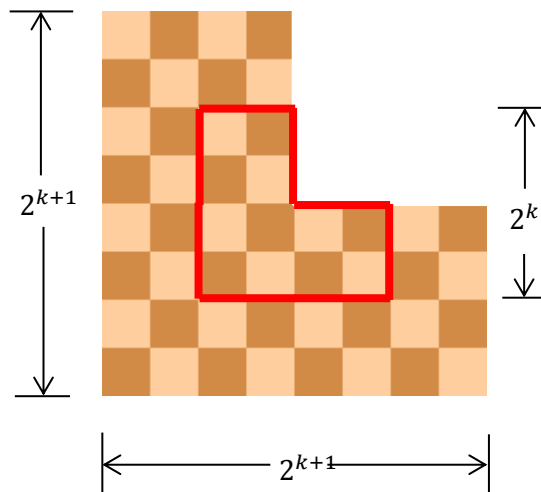


The base case is trivial: a  $2^1 \times 2^1$  grid is just a single tile:



Induction Hypothesis: Assume that any  $2^k \times 2^k$  board can be tiled using the tile.

Induction step: Suppose we have a  $2^{k+1} \times 2^{k+1}$  board. We will sub-divide it as shown below.



The image here isn't quite right, as it appears to be  $8 \times 8$ . By hand I would draw it with parts left out, illustrating that  $k$  is arbitrary and the size could be anything.

As can be seen from the diagram, we now have four  $2^k \times 2^k$  "L-shaped" boards. These can be tiled via the induction hypothesis, and together they give a tiling of the new board.

Therefore all "L-shaped" boards of size  $2^n \times 2^n$  can be tiled, no matter what positive integer  $n$  is.