

Name _____ Quiz 7

$$V = \mathbb{R}^3 \text{ with basis } B_1 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$W = \mathbb{R}^2 \text{ with basis } B_2 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

T is a linear transformation from V to W , and is given by:

$$T \left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}_S \right) = \begin{bmatrix} x + y \\ z \end{bmatrix}_S$$

1) Using the information above, find a formula for T that allows us to compute $T(\vec{x})$ when \vec{x} is expressed in the natural basis of V . You do not need to simplify the formula.

2) Suppose a linear transformation T goes from \mathbb{R}^{12} to \mathbb{R}^4 , and it is known that $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$ has no solutions when $\vec{b} = [1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 5]^T$. What is the determinant of $[T]^T[T]$?

(Here A is the matrix representing T)