1) A linear transformation is given by the rule  $T\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 - 3x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find the kernel of T. (10 points)

2) Determine whether or not the linear transformation from the previous problem is onto and justify your answer. (10 points)

3) Suppose a linear transformation satisfies the equations below. Find [T]. (10 points)

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix}2\\6\end{bmatrix} \quad T\left(\begin{bmatrix}0\\3\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix}6\\12\end{bmatrix}$$

4) Let  $B_1 = \{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \}$  and  $B_2 = \{ \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \}$ . Find a formula for  $[I]_{B_1}^{B_2}$ , the change of basis matrix from  $B_1$  to  $B_2$ . (10 points)

5) Let  $B_1$  and  $B_2$  both be bases for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Let T be a linear transformation from  $\mathbb{R}^3$  to  $\mathbb{R}^3$  with matrix representation A under the standard basis. Find a formula for  $[A^{-1}]_{B_1}^{B_2}$ . (10 points)

6) Find a diagonalization of the matrix below. (10 points)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & -3 \\ 6 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

7) Below a basis is given. Find an orthogonal version of this basis. (10 points)

(	[2]		[1]	)
}	0	,	1	
(	-2		2	)

8) Suppose that a  $8 \times 8$  matrix is invertible. What is something else that can be said about the corresponding system of equations  $A\vec{x} = \vec{0}$ ? (5 points)

9) Suppose that a  $8 \times 8$  matrix is invertible. What is something else that can be said about the corresponding linear transformation T? (5 points)

10) Suppose that a  $8 \times 8$  matrix is invertible. What is something else that can be said about the matrix itself? (5 points)

11) Suppose that a linear transformation  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^4$  is onto. What is the maximum dimension of the solution set to  $A\vec{x} = \vec{0}$ , where A is the matrix representation of T. (5 points)

12) Suppose that a linear transformation  $T: \mathbb{R}^5 \to \mathbb{R}^6$  is one-to-one. What is the maximum dimension of the solution set to  $A\vec{x} = \vec{0}$ , where A is the matrix representation of T. (5 points)

13) Suppose that a linear transformation  $T: \mathbb{R}^7 \to \mathbb{R}^7$  is invertible. What is the minimum rank of A, where A is the matrix representation of T. (5 points)