

1) Find the determinant of the matrix below. (15 points)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 8 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 8 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} &= -2 \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = (-2)(-1) \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= (-2)(-1) \left( 5 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} - 1 \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \right) = (-2)(-1)(5(-2) - 1(18)) \\ &= (-2)(-1)(-28) = -56 \end{aligned}$$

2) Given the two bases below, find the change of basis matrix that converts information from coordinate vectors in  $B_2$  to coordinate vectors in  $B_1$ , denoted by  $[I]_{B_2}^{B_1}$ . You do not need to perform the arithmetic. (10 points)

$$B_1 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \quad B_2 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

3) Given the two bases and vector below, find a formula for  $\vec{x}_{B_2}$ . You do not need to perform the arithmetic. (10 points)

$$B_1 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \quad B_2 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \quad \vec{x}_{B_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}_{B_1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}_{B_1}$$

4) Answer the questions below (3 points each)

(A) Let  $A$  be a  $3 \times 3$  matrix such that  $A\vec{x} = \vec{0}$  has one free variable. What is  $|A|$ ?

0

(B) Let  $A$  be a  $3 \times 5$  matrix such that, when row reduced, has only 1 pivot. What is the dimension of the null space of  $A$ , often written  $\dim(NS(A))$ ?

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(C) Let  $A$  be a  $5 \times 3$  matrix and  $T$  be the corresponding linear transformation. Assume  $T$  is one-to-one. How many pivots does  $A$  have, when row reduced?

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(D) Let  $A\vec{x} = \vec{0}$  be a system of equations that has multiple solutions. How many solutions does it have?

$\infty$

(E) Let  $A$  be a  $11 \times 7$  matrix. There are 6 linearly independent rows. What is the rank of  $A$ ?

6

5) Given the linear transformation below, determine whether or not it is *one-to-one* and justify your answer. (10 points. 3 for the answer; 7 for the reasoning)

$$T: \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$$
$$T \left( \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

It is not one to one because there is a column without pivots.

6) Given the linear transformation below, determine whether or not it is *onto* and justify your answer. (10 points. 3 for the answer; 7 for the reasoning)

$$T: \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$$
$$T \left( \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

It is not onto because there is a row without pivots.

7) Find the determinant of the matrix below (5 points)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$6 \cdot 2 - 4 \cdot 5 = 12 - 20 = -8$$

8) Find the product below (10 points)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 30 & 18 & 8 \\ 23 & 16 & 10 \\ -1 & 4 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

9) Given the system of equations below. Determine how many solutions it has. (5 points)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\infty$

10) Given the system of equations below. Express its solution set in proper notation. (10 points)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_3 = 2 - 2x_4$$

$$x_1 = 4 - 3x_2$$

$x_2$  and  $x_4$  are free.

The solution set is:

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 4 - 3x_2 \\ x_2 \\ 2 - 2x_4 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} : x_2, x_4 \in \mathbb{R} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_2 \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} : x_2, x_4 \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$