Codename $\qquad$ Fields and Rings, Test 1, Fall 2017
(Do not put your name on the test; write your name and codename on the code sheet)

1) Justify the fact that $6 \mid 18$.
(20 points)
2) Construct the division equation for 17 divided by 5 .
(20 points)
3) An principle ideal $\langle p\rangle$ of $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ is the set of all polynomial multiples of the polynomial $p$. Formally, that is, $\langle p\rangle:=\{f p \mid f \in \mathbb{Z}[x]\}$. Describe, in English, the principle ideal $\langle x-1\rangle$.
(40 points)
4) Use the Euclidean Algorithm to find $\operatorname{gcd}(17,5)$
(60 points)
5) We know that $55 \equiv 35$ mod 10 . Write down two equivalent statements you can derive from this.
(I mean meaningful things you can say. Don't just say that $55 \equiv 35 \equiv 5$. Use theorems that tell us interesting things.) (40 points)

## Codename

$\qquad$ Fields and Rings, Page 2, Fall 2017
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6) State Gauss's Lemma.
(20 points)
7) Solve the equation $7 x+3 \equiv 5 \bmod 10$. Show your work. (60 points)
8) We proved that the definition of addition, below, is well defined. State, precisely, what it means for this to be well defined.

$$
[a]_{m}+[b]_{m}=[a+b]_{m}
$$

(40 points)
9) Formally define the set $\mathbb{Q}$. Use mathematical notation.
(20 points)
10) Formally define the set $\mathbb{Q}[x]$. Use mathematical notation.
(20 points)

## Codename

$\qquad$ Fields and Rings, Page 3, Fall 2017
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11) Factor $6 x^{2}+7 x+2$.
(40 points)
12) Find the product below.

$$
\left(\sum_{r=0}^{50} r^{2} x^{r}\right)\left(\sum_{s=0}^{30} 3 s x^{s}\right)
$$

(20 points)
13) A polynomial is called monic if the leading term is one. Prove that the product of two monic polynomials is always monic.
(100 points)

Codename $\qquad$ Fields and Rings, Page 4, Fall 2017
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14) A polynomial in two variables can have both the variable $x$ and the variable $y$. It is said to be homogeneous if every term has the same degree. For example, $3 x^{2} y-2 x^{3}+x y^{2}$ is homogeneous of degree 3 . However, $3 x^{2} y-2 x^{2}+y$ is not homogeneous

Let $f$ and $g$ both be homogeneous polynomials. Show that their product, $f \cdot g$, is also homogeneous. (100 points)
15) Suppose $2 x \equiv y$ mod 100 has a solution. Show the following two claims.
A) $2 \mid y$
(100 points)
B) $x \equiv \frac{y}{2} \bmod 50$. (100 points)

