

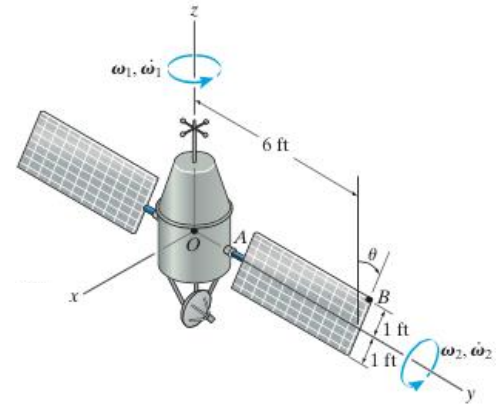
Quiz 17: Chapter 20

Due: Friday 04 Apr 25

Examine the solved problem below. There are **four errors**. Your task is to locate and identify any mistakes, then correct them and calculate the proper result. If the same error occurs more than once, only count it as a single error, even if you have to correct it in more than one instance.

Each correctly identified error is worth **4 points**, and the re-calculated results are worth **4 points** as well. You must save your work in pdf format and submit via the **Quiz 17 Assignment** in the **Chapter 20** folder in the **Quizzes** folder of the **Online Classroom** in Blackboard. Please do not use any other file format than pdf.

At the instant when $\theta = 90^\circ$, the satellite's body travels in the x -direction with a velocity of $v_o = (500\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{i}$ and acceleration of $a_o = (50\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i}$. Simultaneously, the satellite's body is rotating with an angular velocity of $\omega_1 = 15\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$ and angular acceleration of $\dot{\omega}_1 = \alpha_1 = 3\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2}$, and the solar panels rotate with an angular velocity of $\omega_2 = 6\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$ and angular acceleration of $\dot{\omega}_2 = \alpha_2 = 1.5\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2}$. Determine the velocity and acceleration of point B on the solar panel at this instant.



- A) Determine the angular velocity $\vec{\omega}$ of the satellite:

$$\vec{\omega} = \vec{\omega}_1 + \vec{\omega}_2 = (15\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}})\hat{j} + (6\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}})\hat{k}$$

- B) Determine the angular acceleration of the satellite:

$$\vec{\alpha} = \vec{\alpha}_1 + \vec{\alpha}_2 + \vec{\omega}_1 \times \vec{\omega}_2$$

$$\vec{\alpha} = (3\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{j} + (1.5\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{k} + (15\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}})\hat{j} \times (6\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}})\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{\alpha} = (90\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i} + (3\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{j} + (1.5\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{k}$$

- C) Determine the vector location of point B :

$$\vec{r} = (1\text{ft})\hat{i} + (6\text{ft})\hat{j}$$

- D) Calculate the velocity \vec{v}_B :

$$\vec{v}_B = \vec{v}_o + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}$$

$$\vec{v}_B = (500\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{i} + [(15\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}})\hat{j} + (6\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}})\hat{k}] \times [(1\text{ft})\hat{i} + (6\text{ft})\hat{j}]$$

$$\vec{v}_B = (500\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{i} + \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 15 & 6 \\ 1 & 6 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}} = (500\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{i} + [(15)(0) - (6)(6)]\hat{i} + [(6)(1) - (0)(0)]\hat{j} + [(0)(6) - (15)(1)]\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{v}_B = (464\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{i} + (6\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{j} - (15\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{k}$$

- E) Calculate the acceleration \vec{a}_B :

$$\vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_o + \vec{\alpha} \times \vec{r} + \vec{\omega} \times (\vec{\omega} \times \vec{r})$$

$$\vec{a}_B = (50\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i} + [(90\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i} + (3\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{j} + (1.5\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{k}] \times [(1\text{ft})\hat{i} + (6\text{ft})\hat{j}] + [(15\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}})\hat{j} + (6\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}})\hat{k}] \times [(464\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{i} + (6\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{j} - (15\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})\hat{k}]$$

$$\vec{a}_B = (50\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i} + \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 90 & 3 & 1.5 \\ 1 & 6 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2} + \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 15 & 6 \\ 464 & 6 & -15 \end{vmatrix} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\vec{a}_B = (50\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i} + \{[(3)(1) - (1.5)(6)]\hat{i} + [(1.5)(1) - (90)(0)]\hat{j} + [(90)(6) - (3)(1)]\hat{k}\} + \{[(15)(-15) - (6)(6)]\hat{i} + [(6)(464) - (0)(-15)]\hat{j} + [(0)(6) - (15)(36)]\hat{k}\}$$

$$\vec{a}_B = (50\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i} + [(-6\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i} + (-88.5\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{j} + (537\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{k}] + [(-261\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i} + (2784\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{j} + (-6960\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{k}]$$

$$\vec{a}_B = (-217\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{i} + (2696\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{j} + (-6423\frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})\hat{k}$$