## QUIZ 10: TORQUE

Answer the questions using your clicker. If there are no multiple choices, the question is true/false. Use the T and F keys to respond. Please do not mark on this quiz paper. Each question is worth 4 points.



2. When the unchanged load is repositioned to the **20cm** mark, what effort  $\mathbf{m}_2$  is required to maintain equilibrium, if the effort *has not been moved* from its previous position.  $m_1 gr_1 - m_2 gr_2 = 0$  A) 22 g

B)

C) 45 g
D) 52 g

E)

35 g **45 g** 

207 g

$$m_1gr_1 - m_2gr_2 = 0$$
  
(70g)(49.6 - 20)cm =  $m_2$ (95.8 - 49.6)cm  
 $m_2 = 45g$ 



The second class lever shown has its pivot fixed at the 15 cm mark. A load  $m_1 = 100 \text{ g}$  is positioned as shown, at the 60 cm mark.

3. If the effort is attached at the **80 cm** mark, how much mass **m**<sub>2</sub> must be attached for equilibrium? Assume that the string attaches directly to the stick (*there is no clamp here to consider*).

$$m_{2}gr_{2} - mgr - m_{1}gr_{1} = 0$$

$$m_{2}r_{2} = mr + m_{1}r_{1}$$

$$m_{1} \text{ load} \qquad m_{2}(80 - 15)\text{ cm} = (90g)(49.6 - 15)\text{ cm} + (100g)(60 - 15)\text{ cm}$$

$$m_{2} = 117g$$

4. True or **false**: Sliding the load to the left, toward the fulcrum, will require the placement of additional mass at the effort to maintain the equilibrium of the system.

A third class lever is shown on the right. The pivot is fixed at the 12 cm mark on the meter stick, and the load  $m_1$  is fixed at the 90 cm mark.

- 5. True or **false**: The effort  $m_2$  will be smaller than the load  $m_1$ .
- 6. True or false: Your forearm is this type of lever.
- 7. When the effort is attached at the 27 cm mark, a 300g effort is required. What is the load m<sub>1</sub>?
  A) 3 g
  - B) 13 g (well, 14.3g, but this is obviously the closest value to correct; sorry for the typo)
  - C) 52 g
  - D) 78 g
  - E) 99 g
- 8. **True** or false: If you increase the load m<sub>1</sub>, you will need to slide the effort m<sub>2</sub> (no change in mass here) to the right, away from the fulcrum, to maintain the equilibrium of the system.

